

## **Exercise 1 - Translate into English**

1. *Bhūpālo bhuñjati.* The king eats
2. *Puttā sayanti* : the sons sleep
3. *Vānijā sayanti*: the merchants sleep
4. *Buddho passati*: the Buddha sees
5. *Kumāro dhāvati*: the boy runs
6. *Mātulo kasati*: the uncle ploughs
7. *Brāhmaṇā bhāsanti*: the Brahmins speak
8. *Mittā gacchanti*: the friends go
9. *Kassakā pacanti*: the farmers cook
10. *Manusso chindati*: the man cuts
11. *Purisā dhāvanti*: the men run
12. *Sahāyako bhuñjati*: the friend eats
13. *Tathāgato bhāsati*: the Buddha speaks
14. *Naro pacati*: the man cooks
15. *Sahāyā kasanti*: the friends plough
16. *Sugato āgacchati*: the Buddha comes

## **Exercise 2 - Translate into English**

1. *Tathāgato dhammaṁ bhāsati.* – the Buddha speaks the dhamma.
2. *Brāhmaṇā odanam bhuñjanti.* – the brahmins eat cooked rice.
3. *Manusso suriyam passati.* – the man sees the sun.

4. *Kumārā sigāle paharanti.* – the boys hit the jackals.
5. *Yācakā bhattam yācanti.* – the beggars ask for rice.
6. *Kassakā āvāte khaṇanti.* – the farmers dig the pits.
7. *Mitto gāmam āgacchati.* – the friend comes to the village.
8. *Bhūpālo manusse rakkhati.* – the king protects the men.
9. *Puttā pabbataṁ gacchanti.* – the sons go to the mountain.
10. *Kumāro Buddham vandati.* – the boy worships the Buddha.
11. *Vānijā patte āharanti.* – the merchants bring the bowls.
12. *Puriso vihāram gacchati.* – the man goes to the monastery.
13. *Kukkurā pabbataṁ dhāvanti.* – the dogs run to the mountain.
14. *Sigālā gāmam āgacchanti.* – the jackals come to the village.
15. *Brāhmaṇā sahāyake āharanti.* – the brahmins bring friends.
16. *Bhūpālā sugatam vandanti.* – the kings salute the Buddha.
17. *Yācakā sayanti.* – the beggars sleep.
18. *Mittā sunakhe haranti.* – The friends carry the dogs.
19. *Putto candam passati.* – the son sees the moon.
20. *Kassako gāmam dhāvati.* – the farmer runs to the village.
21. *Vānijā rukkhe chindanti.* – the merchants cut the trees.
22. *Naro sigālam vijjhati.* – the man shoots the jackal.
23. *Kumāro odanam bhuñjati.* – the boy eats cooked rice.
24. *Yācako soṇam paharati.* – the beggar hits the dog.
25. *Sahāyakā pabbate āruhanti.* – Friends climb the mountains.

**Exercise 3 - Translate into English:**

1. *Buddho sāvakehi saddhim vihāram gacchati.* – the Buddha goes to the monastery together with his disciples
2. *Puriso puttena saha dīpam dhāvati.* – the man runs [to] the island (lamp) together with his son.
3. *Kassako sarena sigālam vijjhati.* – the farmer shoots the jackal with the arrow.
4. *Brāhmaṇā mātulena saha pabbatam āruhanti.* – the brahmins ascends the mountain together with his uncle.
5. *Puttā pādehi kukkanre paharanti.* – the sons hit the dogs with their feet.
6. *Mātulo puttehi saddhim rathena gāmam āgacchati.* – the uncle comes to the village together with his sons by chariot.
7. *Kumārā hatthehi patte āharanti.* - the boys bring the bowls by hands.
8. *Coro maggena assam harati.* – the thief takes away the horse by the road.
9. *Kassako āvātam oruhati.* – the farmer descends the pit.
10. *Bhūpālā panditehi saha samaṇe passanti.* – the kings see monks together with wise men.
11. *Pandito bhūpālena saha Tathāgatam vandati.* – the wise man salutes the Buddha together with the kings.
12. *Puttā sahāyena saddhim odanam bhuñjanti.* – the sons eat cooked rice together with his friend.
13. *Vānijo pāsāñena migam paharati.* – the merchant hits the deer with a rock.
14. *Sunakhā pādehi āvāte khaṇanti.* – the dogs dig the pits with his feet.
15. *Brāhmaṇo puttena saha suriyam vandati.* – the brahmin worships the sun together with his son.
16. *Kassako sonehi saddhim rukkhe rakkhati.* – the farmer protects the trees together with the dogs.
17. *Sugato sāvakehi saha vihāram āgacchati.* – the Buddha comes to the monastery together with his disciples.
18. *Yācako pattena bhattam āharati.* – the beggar brings rice with his bowl.
19. *Panditā saggam gacchanti.* – the wise men go to heaven.
20. *Kumārā assehi saddhim gāmam dhāvanti.* – the boys run to the village together with the horses.
21. *Coro khaggena naram paharati.* – the thief hits the man with the sword.
22. *Vānijo sakatena dīpe āharati.* – the merchant brings the lamps by cart.
23. *Assā maggena dhāvanti.* – the horses run with (along) the path.
24. *Sigālā migehi saddhim pabbatam dhāvanti.* – the jackals run to the mountain together with the deers.

25. *Bhūpālo panditena saha manusse rakkhati.* – the king protects the people together with wise man.

#### **Exercise 4 - Translate into English:**

1. *Corā gāmamhā pabbatam dhāvanti.* – the thieves run to the mountain from the village.
2. *Dārako mātulasmā odanam yācati.* – the child boy asks for rice from his uncle.
3. *Kumāro sopānamhā patati.* – the boy falls from the stairway.
4. *Mātulā sātakē dholanti.* – the uncles wash the garments.
5. *Dhīvarā piṭakehi macche āharanti.* – the fishermen bring the fishes with the baskets.
6. *Upāsakā samanehi saddhiṁ vihārasmā nikhamanti.* – male devotees leave from the monastery together with the monks.
7. *Brāhmaṇo kakacena rukkham chindati.* – the brahmin cuts the tree with the saw.
8. *Kumārā mittehi saha bhūpālam passanti.* – the boys see the king with friends.
9. *Vāñijo assena saddhiṁ pabbatasmā oruhati.* – the merchant descends from the mountain together with by horse.
10. *Yācako kassakasmā sonam yācati.* – the beggar asks for the dog from the farmer.
11. *Sappā pabbatehi gāmam otaranti.* – the serpents descend the village from the mountains.
12. *Amaccā sarehi mige vijjhanti.* – the ministers shoot the deer(s) with the arrows.
13. *Coro gāmamhā sakatena sātakē harati.* – the thief takes away the garments from the village by cart.
14. *Bhūpālo amaccehi saddhiṁ rathena pāsādam āgacchati.* – the king comes to the palace by chariot together with his ministers.
15. *Sūkarā pādehi āvāte khananti.* – the pigs dig the pits with their feet.
16. *Kumāro sahāyakehi saha sātakē dhovati.* – the boy washes garments together with friends.
17. *Samanā gāmamhā upāsakehi saddhiṁ nikhamanti.* – the monks leave from the village with male devotees.
18. *Kukkuro piṭakamhā maccham khādati.* – the dog eats the fish from the basket.

19. *Mitto puttamhā sunakham yācati.* – the friend begs/asks for the dog from the son.
20. *Buddho sāvake pucchati.* – the Buddha questions his disciples.
21. *Amaccā pañditehi pañhe pucchanti.* - the ministers ask the questions from the wise men.
22. *Rajako sahāyena saha sātakam dhovati.* – the washerman washes the garment together with a friend.
23. *Macchā piṭakamhā patanti.* – the fishes fall from the basket.
24. *Corā pāsānehi varāhe paharanti.* – the thieves strike the pigs with rocks.
25. *Amacco pāsādamhā suvam āharati.* – the minister brings the parrot from the palace.

### **Exercise 5: Translate into English:**

1. *Vānijo rajakassa sātakam dadāti.* – the merchant gives garment to the washerman.
2. *Vejjo ācariyassa dīpaṁ āharati.* – the doctor brings lamp to the teacher.
3. *Migā pāsānamhā pabbataṁ dhāvanti.* – Deer(s) run from the rock to the mountain.
4. *Manussā Buddhehi dhammaṁ labhanti.* – Human beings get the dhamma from Buddha's.
5. *Puriso vejjāya sakātaṁ ākaḍḍhati.* – the man drags the cart to the doctor.
6. *Dārako hatthena yācakassa bhattam āharati.* – the child brings rice by hand to the beggar.
7. *Yācako ācariyāya āvāṭam khaṇati.* – the beggar digs the pit for the teacher.
8. *Rajako amaccānam sātakam dadāti.* - the washerman gives garments to the ministers.
9. *Brāhmaṇo sāvakānam mañce āharati.* – the brahmin brings beds to the disciples.
10. *Vānaro rukkhamhā patati, kukkuro vānaram dasati.* – the monkey falls from the tree; the dog bites the monkey.
11. *Dhīvarā piṭakehi amaccānam macche āharanti.* – the firshermen bring the fishes to the ministers by baskets.
12. *Kassako vānijāya rukkham chindati.* – the farmer cuts the tree for the merchant.
13. *Coro kuddālena ācariyāya āvāṭam khaṇati.* – the thief digs a pit for the teacher with a hoe.
14. *Vejjo puttānam bhattam pacati.* – the doctor cooks rice for sons.

15. *Tāpaso luddakena saddhim bhāsati*. – the hermit speaks with the hunter.
16. *Luddako tāpasassa dīpam dadāti*. – the hunter gives lamp to the hermit.
17. *Sīhā mige hananti*. – lions kill deer(s).
18. *Makkaṭo puttena saha rukkham āruhati*. – the monkey climbs the tree together with the son.
19. *Samaṇā upāsakehi odanam labhanti*. – monks receive cooked rice from lay devotees.
20. *Dārakā rodanti, kumāro hasati, mātulo kumāram paharati*. – children cry, boy laughs, uncle hits the boy.
21. *Vānarā pabbatamhā oruhanti, rukkhe āruhanti*. – monkeys descend from the mountain, (they) climb trees.
22. *Corā ratham pavisanti, amacco ratham pajahati*. – thieves enter the chariot, the minister abandons the chariot.
23. *Ācariyo dārakāya rukkhamhā sukaṁ āharati*. – the teacher brings the parrot from the tree to the child.
24. *Luddako pabbatasmā ajam ākaḍḍhati*. – the hunter drags the goat from the mountain.
25. *Tāpaso pabbatamhā sīham passati*. – the hermit sees the lion from the mountain.
26. *Vānijā kassakehi lābhā labhanti*. – merchants get profit from farmers.
27. *Luddako vānijānam varāhe hanati*. – hunter kills pigs for merchants.
28. *Tāpaso ācariyamhā pañhe pucchati*. – the hermit asks questions from the teachers.
29. *Putto mañcamhā patati*. – the son falls from the bed.
30. *Kumārā sahāyakehi saddhim nahāyanti*. – boys bathe together with friends.